

BROKERS AWAIT FATE

Bucket Shop Evidence Presented to Grand Jury.

PLANNING LINE OF DEFENSE

Counsel for Raided Firms Hold Conference—District Attorney Baker Telegraphs Instructions to Continue Crusade Against Alleged Violators of Law—Affect Business.

No raids were made yesterday, though Assistant District Attorney Given, Otto Klinker, of the Secret Service, and Detective Helan, of police headquarters, made a round of the offices that were raided, and others which are under suspicion, for the purpose of obtaining further evidence to be presented to the grand jury, which yesterday began its investigations of the alleged "bucket shops." Evidence was presented in the case of those offices raided Friday. Evidence gathered Saturday and yesterday will be presented to-day, and it is expected that other arrests will follow.

Secret Service Officer Klinker and Detective Helan were the first witnesses, and by them was explained the methods of "bucketing trades" as charged against the local brokers. Other witnesses were examined who were summoned as the result of the raids on Chesley & Spence, Allison C. Jenkins, Wade & Hedges, and Frank Kane.

Plan Line of Defense.
Attorneys William E. Ambrose, John Dalsh, Eugene Jones, and Thompson & Laney, representing respectively Chesley & Spence, Hickey & Bloomer, Allison C. Jenkins, and Wade & Hedges, the stock brokers, who were arrested Friday last, charged with engaging in bucket shop operations, met for consultation last night in the office of Mr. Ambrose. A plan of defense was considered, and a line of action determined upon in case of the return of indictments by the grand jury. Action by the grand jury is not looked for by the attorneys for the defense before September 3, though, according to Mr. Ambrose, they are prepared at once to apply to the court for an injunction citing the district attorney to show cause why their clients should not be permitted to continue trading, in the event their offices are closed. Mr. Ambrose said last night that his clients were continuing their business as usual.

Crusade to Be Continued.
Mr. Given yesterday received telegrams from District Attorney Baker containing instructions to continue the campaign against the alleged "bucket shops" and to issue another warrant if the stock brokers attempt to continue business after being closed. Mr. Baker also offered to return if his presence is considered necessary.

Investigations of the last several months have led the district attorney's assistants to visit New York, Jersey City, and Philadelphia, their purpose being to ascertain the connections, if any, of the local stock brokers with firms actually holding seats on the exchange. It is alleged that in every instance the firms that have been raided and those under observation have no such connections.

On the other hand, Mr. Ambrose, who recently visited Baltimore in the interest of his clients, while declining to give the nature of the evidence obtained there, stated that he expects to prove that they are and have been engaged in a legitimate brokerage business.

Brokers' Offices Quiet.

Affairs were quiet yesterday in brokers' offices throughout the city. While little new business was transacted, the places were open, the tickers in operation, and officers of the law absent. It was the general opinion that representatives of the district attorney's office had seen the justice of allowing a little time for the brokers to clean up their sheets before making any further move. That was spoken of in an appreciative manner by some of the brokers, and several of them visited yesterday were closing up their outstanding business and getting in shape for any stand the court officials might take in the next few days. One broker said:

"This raid upon us, which appears to be taking on the appearance of persecution, has knocked our business endwise. Patrons are afraid to take commitments, not knowing when the offices may be closed again, at the behest of the district attorney. Of course, we are going to keep open, if allowed to do so, but I am of the opinion that we shall be under the espionage of the court detectives some time to come, and we may be obliged to stop for lack of anything to do."

The usual crowd was seen in several of the offices. Men were watching the tickers and the movements of the market, which, yesterday, toward the last of the session, presented good opportunities to buy.

No orders were seen recorded, however, and on the surface it appeared that there was really "nothing doing."

BRIAN IN CHARGE AT G. P. O.

Runs Government Printing in Absence of Stillings.

H. T. Brian was intrusted with the administration of the Government Printing Office by Public Printer Stillings before the latter left Washington on special business connected with the big private ship, the *Clifford Rose*. Mr. Stillings' private secretary, denies the report that Mr. Stillings had been summoned to Oyster Bay.

Speaking of the latest order by which employees when addressing each other are required to use the prefix "Mr.," "Mrs.," "Miss," Mr. Rose said the order had been made for purposes of keeping discipline and order. He said it did not sound business-like to have the men and women call across the aisle, "Hello, Bill," or "Hello, Mary," and familiar appellations. It was the intention of Mr. Stillings, said Mr. Rose, to preserve discipline as well as bring about more business-like conversation whenever such was regarded as necessary.

Mr. Rose denied in positive terms that there was any truth in this report that Mr. Stillings would resign this fall.

RAILROAD BRAKEMAN HURT.

John F. Stevens Run Over by Train in B. & O. Yards.

While switching cars in the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad yards last night, John F. Stevens, of 110 Quincy street northwest, a brakeman employed by the road, had his right arm completely severed from his body and received a fracture of the skull and numerous other injuries. Stevens was standing by a switch, allowing one of the switching engines to enter a crossing, when passenger engine 122 backed down upon him, throwing him under the train in such a manner that the wheels passed over his arm. He was taken to the Casualty Hospital, where it was said that his condition was extremely critical.

October 8, 1907. Remember the date.

FURNITURE PRICES GOING UP.

But Jackson Brothers Have Special Offerings at Reduced Figures.

Jackson Brothers, 915-925 Seventh street northwest, have opened a special sale of furniture, which they think will specially interest their patrons in Washington. It consists of selected samples, one of a kind, which were exhibited by manufacturers at Grand Rapids and New York. The Washington house offers them at less than the cost of production, and announces that this is an excellent opportunity to obtain patterns of furniture of which there will not be others in the next home, or any other home in the Capital. Jackson Brothers say the prices of furniture, of equal quality with the pieces offered, are advancing, and that their patrons will not have another opportunity in the near future of securing anything like the bargains now presented. They think it should bring many to their stores to examine it and make selections of special pieces for their homes.

The second week of the sale started yesterday, and the proprietors were exceptionally well pleased with the large number of persons who came to look over and admire and buy this furniture.

FLORIDA FUGITIVE CAPTURED

Man Wanted for Burglary Arrested by Clever Detective Work.

Admits Identity and Tells How He Escaped by Jumping from Train Going Forty Miles an Hour.

With the arrest of Thomas Patterson, alias William Holly, alias William Rivers, alias Thomas Brown, colored, last night the police of this city succeeded in apprehending a fugitive from justice who has caused the authorities of Jacksonville, Fla., considerable worry for nearly fifteen months. A reward of \$150 was offered for his capture.

Patterson is wanted in Florida on the charge of burglary having escaped from the authorities of that State while under a sentence of ten years' imprisonment.

While being carried from the city jail to the penitentiary under the escort of one of the jail guards, Patterson in some manner escaped, and up till several days ago his whereabouts was unknown. Recently, however, Chief of Police Vinzant, of Jacksonville, learned that the negro was working at a stable in this city under the name of Thomas Brown, and accordingly communicated this information to the local police.

Detectives Baur and Cornwell found there was an uncalled-for letter in the mail box at the establishment they "planted" near the place, and in a few minutes heard one of the employees who passed under the name of William Rivers making inquiries about the letter. This led the detectives to believe that they were on the track of the right man, and within a few minutes after they had arrested him their suspicions proved true.

At first the man denied that he was wanted by the Florida authorities, but when it was discovered that he had a newly healed bullet wound on his side he confessed that he was the right man. He said that for some time he had been receiving letters at the lively stable that was known there as William Rivers. When the letters were put in the mail box he had been in the habit of allowing them to stay there for some time, and then secretly remove them when no one was looking.

At police headquarters last night Patterson said that he had escaped from the guard when en route to the penitentiary while the latter was asleep, and had jumped from the step of the train while going at the rate of forty miles an hour. The guard, however, claims that Patterson broke from his grasp and jumped through a window.

Recently Patterson was arrested in this city by the name of John Rivers, on a charge of assault, and was sentenced to pay a fine of \$50. Several days ago he made a visit to police headquarters to report the loss of a watch and talked for some time with some of the detectives, who are now somewhat perplexed over being so close to a reward without knowing it.

NEWS CUT SHORT FOR BUS READERS.

Anna Belle Fennell, by Attorney Andrew Lipscomb, yesterday entered suit for absolute divorce against William Fennell. A co-respondent is named.

Divorce from Elmer Haar, and the care and custody of the infant child, yesterday Mrs. Haar is asked in a petition filed yesterday by Blandis Haar, through Campbell Carrington as attorney.

Commissioner Henry L. West is taking a much more optimistic view of human nature. Yesterday the Commissioner received a money order for \$10, a little loan of four years' standing, that had long since come to "four years."

By the will of Jacob Freick, dated August 16, 1906, and filed for probate yesterday, one-half of her estate is left to her son, Lewis Freick; \$500 each to her grandsons, L. F. Marx, and her granddaughters, Daisy Marx, and the balance to Clara Marx. Lewis Freick is named as executor.

The iron door in the elevator cage on the sixth floor of the District building broke from its casting yesterday when opened by the operator and fell to the street. Beyond breaking the door, no damage was done.

In connection with the preparation of estimates to be submitted to Congress for the improvement of the street, Commissioner Morrow, accompanied by E. H. Hunt, engineer of highways, yesterday began an inspection of all streets and avenues for which petitions for improvement have been received, as well as others under consideration. The inspection will occupy about a week.

Following a custom established last year with satisfactory results, the health, police, and street departments have begun a general cleaning of the street, back yards, and others of the city. Owing to the limited facilities of the health department, the other two departments were enlisted upon suggestion of Commissioner West.

SUMMER COLDS.
Only one LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE. Remember full name, E. W. Grove on box, 25c.

Capital and Profits Over \$1,425,000
Deposits More Than \$6,100,000

HERE WILL BE NO Need to Worry Over Your Business Affairs

—During your absence from the office, your business affairs will be taken care of by the National Savings & Trust Company, Cor. 15th and New York Ave. FORTY-FIRST YEAR.

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October 8, 1907. Remember the date.

WOUNDED BY COLLINS

Obstreperous Citizen of Glen Echo Worst in Fight.

ACCIDENTALLY SHOT IN LEG

William Brown Uses Chair and Bricks on Marshal Who Tries to Protect Man's Wife—Officer Wears Out His Blackjack, Then Knocks Opponent Unconscious with Gun.

Marshal Collins, of Glen Echo, was one of the participants in a scrap last night, that will probably figure prominently in the police annals of that interesting suburb, which is being written so rapidly in these piping days of 1907. Collins escaped from the melee with no wounds more serious than a vicious bite in the cheek, but the other participant in the fracas, William Brown, lies in the Georgetown Hospital with a gunshot in the leg and numerous contusions about the head, which will necessitate his remaining in the hospital for several days.

Marshal Collins was, of course, acting as the chief upholder of law and order in Glen Echo, while Brown, if not a disturber of the peace, was charged with beating his wife.

Marshal Collins in the quiet and cool air of last evening went down to the Glen Echo post office to get his letters, of which he is the recipient of many these days.

Stepdaughter Appeals for Aid.
While he was engaged in sorting over his mail, and animated with anticipation in reading the missive, which had come to him, Miss Janie Ogle, stepdaughter of William Brown, who is an iron worker, out of a job, ran up and, almost breathless from haste and excitement, exclaimed:

"For God's sake, Marshal, come to our home. Brown is killing mamma. He is drunk down there and beating her. Don't leave us there alone with him!"

Marshal Collins is not the man to hear such an appeal in vain. A grim expression came over his sunburned countenance, and he started for the Brown home at a gallop which the exhausted girl could not equal.

Arrived at the Brown house, Marshal Collins entered, found the man in a surly mood, evidently under the influence of liquor.

"Brown, you can cut out this beating of your wife or I will take you before the mayor."

Uses Chair as Club.
With an oath the ironworker jumped to his feet, grabbed the chair in which he was sitting, and started for Collins, intending to fell him with it. Brown recently lost his left hand, and has only the stump of the left arm. His blows aimed at Collins were vicious, but not well-timed, and the officer was not hit.

He backed slowly out of the room to the steps, followed by the irate man, who was trying at every step to get near enough to strike him with the chair. On the porch Collins grabbed the chair and tore it from the grasp of the man, who fell down the steps.

Recovering himself, Brown picked up a brick and attempted to strike the officer with that. Collins by this time thought matters had gone far enough. He closed with Brown, grabbing him by the up-lifted hand in which he held the brick. With that Brown began striking and punching Collins in the face with the stump of his left arm.

Collins drew his blackjack and struck Brown a blow upon the head, which felled him to the ground. The blow was well aimed, and delivered with such force that the blackjack was torn from its leather covering, rendering it useless for further defense.

Bites Collins in Cheek.
As the struggle continued, Brown settled his teeth in Collins' cheek and hung on like a bulldog. It being impossible to loosen the hold, Collins then drew his gun, and using it as a club, rained blows upon the head and face of the prostrate man until he was beaten into insensibility.

The revolver went off twice while the melee was in progress, one of the shots, it was learned afterward, hitting Brown in the leg.

The reports of the weapon startled Collins, and he was fearful that he had shot the man, perhaps fatally. Brown was now lying limp and unconscious at the feet of the officer. Collins picked him up bodily, bore him across the street to a hydrant, and revived him by pouring water over his head and face.

Meanwhile a crowd had gathered, attracted by the shots. Brown soon came to and was upon his feet in an instant, and began a fruitless struggle to get at Collins. Several men in the crowd held back the infuriated man, who called upon them to let go, and he would kill the officer.

Brown Still Wants to Fight.
Collins' clothes were torn and bloody, and he was nearly exhausted with the fight and his efforts in carrying the senseless man a distance of more than one hundred feet. Between his gasps for breath the marshal called upon Brown to quit, as he would have to go to a hospital to have his wounds dressed.

This only served to enrage Brown the more, and the man, beside himself with rage, swore he would kill Collins then or afterward on sight. The crowd, which was now trying to pacify Brown, urged Collins to go away, and they would take care of the man. Brown was finally quieted, put aboard a car, and conveyed to the Georgetown Hospital and placed in the care of the physicians there.

Examination proved that one of the shots had taken effect in Brown's leg, inflicting a slight flesh wound. His head and scalp were badly beaten up, and though the surgeons found no evidence of fracture of the skull, the man was pronounced last night to be in a serious condition, and the physician in charge said he could not state what might be the result of his injuries.

Marshal Collins immediately called upon Mayor Garrett, telling him the details of the fight and saying he was fearful that he had shot Brown, without intending to do so. The marshal stated that he was ready to surrender himself pending an investigation and the result of the wounds inflicted upon Brown. Mayor Garrett took Collins' word for it that he would appear as he went and allowed the marshal to go home and rest from his labors.

Telephone communication was carried on last night between the police department of this city and Mayor Garrett, in which a formal charge was entered of assault against Brown, and the Washington officials were requested to hold Brown in custody, subject to the call of the authorities of Glen Echo.

Had Previous Tussle.
This is the second tussle of a similar nature Marshal Collins has had with Brown. About six months ago, it is said, the ironworker became disorderly when Collins attempted to arrest him. On that occasion Brown fought until Marshal Collins had broken his blackjack and smashed a pair of handcuffs. Brown on that occasion was finally overpowered, taken before Mayor Garrett, and fined \$25 for assault and resisting an officer.

JOHN H. REINBERG FUNERAL.

Services for Civil War Veteran to Be Held To-day.

With fitting ceremonies, the remains of John H. Reinberg, who died Sunday morning at his residence, 524 Twenty-second street northwest, will be laid to rest in the Arlington National Cemetery this afternoon at 2 o'clock. Members of the Oldest Inhabitants' Association have arranged to attend the obsequies in a body. George A. Meade Post, G. A. R., and the Naval Veterans Association, of which Mr. Reinberg was a member, will also attend. Funeral services will be held at his late residence.

Mr. Reinberg was born May 5, 1850, and enlisted in the Marine Corps as a drummer in November, 1869, when he was but ten years old. He served during the civil war on the United States Steamships Dale, San Jacinto, and Macedonia. He continued in the service until his honorable discharge in September, 1870, when he came to this city and received an appointment from the government. He had been a resident of this city ever since, and until his death was lieutenant of the watch at the State, War, and Navy Department Building. For nearly three years past he had been suffering from cancer of the stomach, but continued his duties in the department building until recently.

AMZI SMITH'S FUNERAL HELD

Many Friends Pay Tribute to Late Senate Official.

Chaplain Couden and Rev. Dr. Weldley Officiate—Son Arrives for the Obsequies.

Amzi Smith, for many years in charge of the document room of the Senate, was laid to rest in Congressional Cemetery yesterday after the funeral services at the residence of the deceased, 314 Maryland avenue northeast, conducted by Rev. Dr. Weldley, rector of the Church of the Reformation.

Rev. Henry N. Couden, Chaplain of the House of Representatives, read the prayer before nearly 100 friends of the deceased, who assembled at the house and attended the services at the grave.

All of Mr. Smith's immediate family were present. His son, Amzi Smith, Jr., of Johnston, Pa., who was unable to get here before his father's death, arrived in time to attend the funeral. Many beautiful floral tributes were received from the friends and admirers of the deceased. Several prominent citizens sent their cards, among whom were ex-Senator Jones, of Arkansas, and Gen. Harries.

Mr. Smith died Saturday evening at his home, after about a month's illness, of typhoid fever. He was sixty-four years old. The following officiated as pallbearers: Messrs. G. Boyd, J. Burns, R. Nixon, Horace Dodge, Henry Blair, and Frank Blight.

The deceased was known by every public man who had business at the Capitol, having been connected with the public document room of the United States Senate for forty-three years. He is survived by his wife, two daughters, Mrs. Richard H. Smith, of this city, and Mrs. John Schreyer, of Milton, Pa.; two sons, Frank P. Smith, an architect, of Boston, and Amzi Smith, Jr., of Johnston, Pa.

WEATHER CONDITIONS.

U. S. Dept. of Agriculture, Weather Bureau, Washington, Monday, August 26, 8 a. m.

The pressure is low in Atlantic coast districts from Maine to Florida, also in the Dakotas, Nebraska, and Kansas, where a shallow depression exists. The latter has caused a few scattered showers in Iowa, Wisconsin, Minnesota, and North Dakota; elsewhere the weather has been fair with seasonal temperatures.

The present distribution of pressure is favorable to a continuance of fair weather in Atlantic coast districts Tuesday, with a possibility of scattered showers in the Middle Atlantic States Wednesday. Showers are also probable Tuesday in the Ohio Valley, the Lake region, and the Middle Mississippi Valley. Temperature will rise slowly in the East and fall in the Missouri Valley.

The winds along the New England and Middle Atlantic coasts will be light to fresh northwesterly on the South Atlantic coast, light and variable; on the East Gulf coast, fresh southerly to south; on the West Gulf coast, light to fresh southerly; on the Lakes, fresh southerly, increasing Tuesday night or Wednesday; and on the Upper Lakes fresh to brisk southerly, shifting to northwesterly.

Steamers departing Tuesday for European ports will have light to fresh northwesterly winds and fair weather to the Grand Banks.

Local Temperature.

Midnight, 62; 2 a. m., 61; 4 a. m., 59; 6 a. m., 58; 8 a. m., 60; 10 a. m., 63; 12 noon, 71; 2 p. m., 74; 4 p. m., 78; 6 p. m., 80; 8 p. m., 82; 10 p. m., 85; Maximum, 81; minimum, 55.

Relative humidity—8 a. m., 68; 2 p. m., 39; 8 p. m., 83. Rainfall (8 p. m. to 8 p. m.), 0.8. Hours of sunshine, 12.1; per cent. relative humidity, 100.

Temperature same date last year—Maximum, 78; minimum, 70.

Registered Standard thermometer: 9 a. m., 75; 12 noon, 87; 2 p. m., 84; 4 p. m., 80; 6 p. m., 78.

Tide Table.

To-day—High tide, 11 a. m. and 11:26 p. m.; low tide, 5:12 a. m. and 5:53 p. m.

To-morrow—High tide, 11:50 a. m.; low tide, 6:04 a. m. and 6:22 p. m.

Condition of the Water.

Special to The Washington Herald.
Harris Ferry, Va., Aug. 26.—Potomac cloudy and streamy muddy this afternoon.

Temperatures in Other Cities.

Temperatures in other cities, together with the amount of rainfall, for the twelve hours ended at 4 p. m. yesterday, are as follows:

City.	Max.	Min.	8 p. m.	Rain.
Ashville, N. C.	86	62	70	...
Atlanta, Ga.	86	62	70	...
Atlantic City, N. J.	78	60	70	...
Bismarck, N. Dak.	82	62	75	...
Boston, Mass.	74	60	70	...
Buffalo, N. Y.	66	52	64	...
Chicago, Ill.	76	62	72	...
Cincinnati, O.	72	58	72	...
Cleveland, Ohio	72	58	72	...
Cheyenne, Wyo.	66	52	72	...
Davenport, Iowa	78	62	72	0.01
Denver, Colo.	84	66	76	...
Des Moines, Iowa	82	62	72	...
Galveston, Tex.	88	80	84	...
Havana, Mont.	70	46	60	...
Indianapolis, Ind.	82	62	74	...
Jacksonville, Fla.	82	74	80	...
Kansas City, Mo.	82	70	86	...
Little Rock, Ark.	86	74	84	...
Los Angeles, Cal.	82	62	74	...
Marquette, Mich.	82	62	74	...
Memphis, Tenn.	88	68	84	...
New Orleans, La.	82	74	84	...
New York, N. Y.	82	70	70	...
Omaha, Neb.	82	68	86	...
Pittsburg, Pa.	74	54	68	...
Salt Lake City, Utah	74	54	72	...
St. Louis, Mo.	82	74	74	...
St. Paul, Minn.	66	50	62	0.24
Syracuse, N. Y.	82	68	78	...
Vicksburg, Miss.	80	70	82	...

Largest Morning Circulation.

All advertising contracts made by The Washington Herald are based upon its sworn circulation—a circulation as low as that by "other papers" than was ever before attained by any morning newspaper at the Capital. Its books are open.

CHRISTIAN XANDER'S CLARET PUNCH

50c Quart. \$2 Gallon.

READY FOR USE BY ADDING WATER OR CRACKED ICE.

Quality House. 909 7th St. Phone M 274

FIX PLAN FOR FLEET

Programme for Trip to Pacific Completed.

COALING PROBLEMS SOLVED

Big Fighters to Be Furnished with Fuel at Sea—Vessels to Be Chartered for the Purpose, Owing to Lack of Coilers—One Repair and Two Supply Ships to Be Sent.

Acting Secretary of the Navy Newberry returned to Washington yesterday after ten days' vacation, and a conference at Oyster Bay with the President and Rear Admirals Evans and Brownson, regarding the cruise of the battle-ship fleet to the Pacific. At the conference all of the plans for this important movement of the big fleet were gone over, and practically everything at least tentatively decided upon.

There will be sixteen battle ships, six torpedo boats, nine water colliers, one repair ship, one water ship, and two supply ships concerned in the movement. Upon reaching San Francisco the fleet will be joined by two other battle ships, the Nebraska, recently commissioned, and the Wisconsin. Whether or not the vessels will go to Puget Sound is a matter which as yet has not been determined definitely. It is a question which will be decided later.

Verbal instructions have been issued to all of the different bureaus and departments of the navy to have the fleet in readiness to sail from Hampton Roads on the long journey by December 1. It is not likely that the start will be made on the day, however, but the day of departure will be some time between December 1 and 15.

Will Hold Target Practice.
According to the schedule arranged the fleet will reach Magdalena Bay some time between March 9 and 13, and it is contemplated to have the ships remain there for about thirty days in target practice. They will thus reach San Francisco some time between the middle and the last of April.

Their stay there is indefinite, and no plans whatever have been made for their return trip. A decision in regard to this matter will not be reached until January. Only about thirty days will be required to make arrangements for the return.

The one important thing in regard to the long cruise is the question of supplying coal, and this matter was one to which much attention was devoted at the Oyster Bay conference. The decision was reached that 100,504 tons of coal in addition to that which the battle ships will carry in their bunkers when they start out, will be required. This is in addition to the 13,000 tons which the torpedo boats will burn in making the voyage.

All told, in the neighborhood of 25,000 tons of coal will be consumed. To supply this vast amount of fuel at the required points has been a problem to which much attention has been given. En route to San Francisco the fleet will coal five times—first at Trinidad, next at Rio, then at Sandy Point, in the Straits of Magellan, then at Callao, Peru, and last in Magdalena Bay.

Have Only Nine Colliers.

There are only nine navy colliers available for the purpose on the Atlantic side and one, the Saturn, on the Pacific side. It has been decided that four small colliers, the Hannibal, Sterling, Marcellus, and Narsham, each carrying 2,300 tons, shall be sent to Trinidad. They will supply fuel sufficient to carry the ships to Rio, where five of the large navy colliers will be in waiting for the battle ships. These colliers will be the Ajax, Abarenda, Brutus, Caesar, and Nero, each carrying approximately 4,000 tons.

To supply coal at the three other points it will be necessary to contract for its delivery in chartered ships. Arrangements to this end already have been begun. Wherever it is possible American ships and American coal will be used, but where this is not possible or practicable foreign bottoms and foreign coal will be gotten. Four colliers of 6,000 tons each will be sent to Sandy Point, four with a similar amount to Callao, and four to Magdalena Bay. There is or will be sufficient coal adrift in San Francisco to fill the bunkers of all the battle ships when they reach that point.

Must Coal Big Ships at Sea.

The torpedo boats will coal in dock or from merchant ships at various points along the route. It will be necessary, however, to coal all the big ships at sea. The Panther, fully equipped as a repair ship, will accompany the fleet, and will be the water ship Arctura, and the supply ships Glacier and Culgoa. The Glacier will be provisioned with sufficient fresh meats to last the fleet all the way from Hampton Roads to San Francisco. It is calculated that the fleet will require in addition to coal which the fleet will take on board en route will be such fresh vegetables as may be procured at the different points where the ships will stop. As it is summer in the South Atlantic in December, January, and February, pleasant weather is anticipated.

The fact that the navy lacks sufficient colliers to supply coal for the trip emphasizes the necessity for additional ships of this class, and it is probable, therefore, that Congress will be asked to make appropriations for building them. This might afford work in the Eastern navy yards while the battle-ship fleet is in the Pacific. At present, only two colliers are in process of building.

Fleet Leaves Hampton Roads.

Rear Admiral Robley D. Evans, in accordance with the programme arranged between him and the Navy Department some time ago, sailed out from Hampton